

Sygnia Enhanced All Bond Fund

Minimum Disclosure Document (MDD)

Class A

South African - Interest Bearing - Variable Term

30 November 2025

Portfolio Managers	Nikita Hadskins, Anrich De Jager
Regulation 28	Non-Compliant
Fund launch date	17 July 2019
Class Launch Date	26 August 2019
Fund Size	R 2 869.00 Million
Unit Price	103,85
Units in Issue	691,010,240.00

Investment Objective

Income Distribution

Trustees

The fund aims to outperform the JSE All Bond Composite Index

Bi-annually (September and March)

Payment: 1 Apr 2025 - 4.38 cents per unit

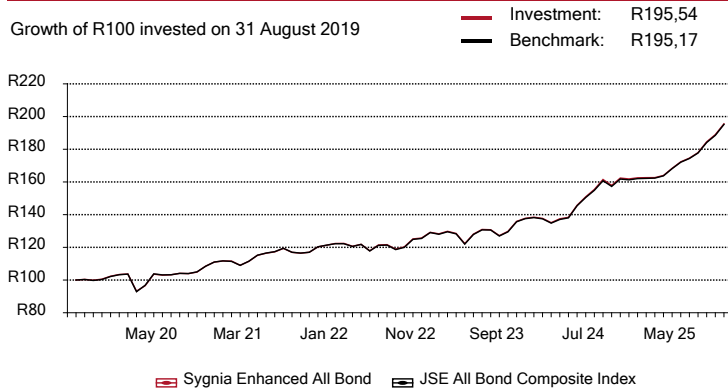
Payment: 1 Oct 2025 - 4.38 cents per unit

Standard Bank Trustees (021 441 4100)

LOW	LOW MEDIUM	MEDIUM	MEDIUM HIGH	HIGH
LESS RISK/ RETURN				MORE RISK/ RETURN
0 - 2 YEARS	2 YEARS+	3 YEARS+	5 YEARS+	7 YEARS+

Cumulative Investment Performance

Growth of R100 invested on 31 August 2019



Performance Analysis

Periodic Performance	Fund	*BM	Difference
1 Month	3,5%	3,5%	0,0%
3 Months	9,9%	9,8%	0,1%
6 Months	16,2%	16,1%	0,1%
Year to Date	20,8%	21,0%	-0,2%
1 Year	20,4%	20,6%	-0,2%
3 Years	16,0%	16,1%	0,0%
5 Years	12,5%	12,5%	0,0%
Since Inception	11,3%	11,3%	0,0%
Gross Current Yield	8.9%		

Performance as calculated by Sygnia Asset Management as at reporting date

*JSE All Bond Composite

**Annualised performance figures

Historical Performance

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2021	0.6%	0.0%	-2.3%	2.2%	3.3%	1.1%	0.7%	1.8%	-2.0%	-0.4%	0.5%	2.8%	8.4%
2022	0.8%	0.9%	0.0%	-1.4%	1.0%	-3.2%	3.0%	0.2%	-2.3%	1.2%	4.0%	0.4%	4.5%
2023	2.8%	-0.7%	1.2%	-1.0%	-4.9%	4.8%	2.2%	-0.1%	-2.8%	2.1%	4.7%	1.4%	9.6%
2024	0.5%	-0.5%	-1.9%	1.8%	0.6%	5.3%	3.5%	3.0%	3.9%	-2.2%	2.8%	-0.3%	17.5%
2025	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.8%	2.7%	2.4%	1.3%	1.9%	3.7%	2.4%	3.5%		20.8%

Risk Statistics

	Fund	BM
% Negative Months	26,7%	28,3%
Avg Negative Return	-1,6%	-1,6%
Maximum Drawdown	-5,8%	-5,8%
Standard Deviation	7,3%	7,3%
Downside Deviation	4,6%	4,6%
Highest Annual Return: Oct 2023 - Sep 2024	27,0%	26,6%
Lowest Annual Return: Jun 2022 - May 2023	0,3%	0,2%

The risk statistics reflected above are calculated on a 60-month or since-inception basis, depending on which period is shorter.

Maturity Profile as at Sept 2025

Maturity Band	Percentage	Allocation
1-3 Years	10,0%	
3-7 Years	27,2%	
7-12 Years	25,9%	
> 12 Years	36,9%	

Modified Duration as at Sept 2025

Maturity Band	Modified Duration
1-3 Years	1.1
3-7 Years	4.2
7-12 Years	6.4
> 12 Years	8.2
Overall	6.0

Fees

Initial Fee	0,00% **
Management Fee	0,35% **
Performance Fee	N/A
Other costs	0,01% **
VAT	0,05%
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0,41% (Sept 2025)
Transaction Costs (TC)	0,02% (Sept 2025)
Total Investment Charge (TIC)	0,43% (Sept 2025)

** Fees are exclusive of VAT

Sygnia Enhanced All Bond Fund

Fund commentary

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3rd Quarter 2025

Market performance

The gold price surged more than 10% in September on the risk of a US government shutdown, pushing the real (inflation-adjusted) gold price to an all-time high. Gold's weighting has reached 15% of the JSE All Share Index, nearly three times its 2006 peak; including platinum group metals, total precious metals now account for 22% of the SA equity market, pushing the South African resources sector to more than double year to date. Gold previously performed well in the 2018/2019 US shutdown, and the short-term rise in gold has likely been driven by investors seeking safe haven. Beyond the shutdown, emerging market central banks are likely to continue to buy gold and President Trump will continue his attacks on the Fed, so gold's rally is likely to continue. However, the stretched price of gold has raised the risk of a short-term reversal.

The Fed lowered interest rates by 25 basis points, marking its first rate cut in 2025 amid emerging signs of a softening in the labour market. However, the Fed's Summary of Economic Projections (SEP) for 2026 showed an upgrade in growth expectations, raising GDP growth from 1.6% to 1.8%, increasing core personal consumption expenditure (PCE) inflation forecasts from 2.4% to 2.6% and lowering the unemployment rate from 4.5% to 4.4%. The combination of a rate cut alongside upgraded growth and inflation forecasts has raised investor concerns about Fed credibility and dollar debasement. Fed Chair Jerome Powell described September's rate cut as "risk management", but Bloomberg Economics suggests political pressure may have influenced the decision. The SEP and Fed rate cut forecasts suggest a Fed inflation target around 2.8%, higher than the Fed's official 2% target, raising the risk that this implicit inflation bias could shift even higher as the composition of the Federal Open Market Committee changes under Trump. Without political pressure, deep cuts are unlikely. Although the 5 September payroll report showed a significant drop in employment growth, the unemployment rate only ticked up slightly, to 4.3% – breakeven payroll gains (jobs needed to keep unemployment stable) have dropped as a result of a shrinking labour force caused by lower participation and the increased deportation of undocumented workers. The full impact of the increased deportation of undocumented workers may not yet reflect in the data, so the slowdown in labour supply may be greater than reported. This could push wages higher, which, alongside tariff-driven inflation, would likely reduce rate cuts.

While inflation rose less than expected, to 3%, the South African Reserve Bank (SARB) kept rates unchanged, with SARB governor Lesetja Kganyago blaming "the serious dysfunction in administered prices, which undermines purchasing power and weakens growth. The solution to this crisis is not a higher level of inflation, but rather sector-specific reforms to improve efficiency."

Infrastructure is a glaring weakness for South African competitiveness. Theo Boshoff, CEO of Agbiz, recently noted that it is still cheaper to import soya beans to Cape Town from Argentina than to transport them from South Africa's inland regions. According to the latest Ctrack data, South African freight volumes and overall activity have continued to deteriorate (from 2024 to end Q2 2025). Transnet is lining up public-private partnerships, but private sector "railing" operations are only expected to begin in 2026/27 at the earliest. According to Dr Sean Phillips, Director-General of the Department of Water and Sanitation, municipal debt owed to water boards tripled from 2018 to July 2025, reaching R24.58bn.

US reciprocal tariff rates for many neighbouring economies were reduced substantially in August from initial levels announced on Liberation Day, but South Africa's rate has remained unchanged from April. Standard Chartered believes this could reduce GDP by as much as 0.3 percentage points – significant when GDP is only expected to grow by 1%. Productivity remains key to improving SA growth. President Cyril Ramaphosa has acknowledged the significant challenges facing SA's public services, including a skills gap, outdated systems and processes, inconsistent service delivery and corruption. On the upside, reform momentum is at its highest level in over a year according to the Business Leadership SA tracker, and 26 of 240 reform deliverables have been marked as complete to date.

This year's upside growth surprise is due to tariff hikes occurring more gradually than expected, with the observed US tariff rate only reaching 9.7% in July. As front-loading spending in the US slows, a weakening of labour income will occur just as tariffs squeeze purchasing power, with the effective tariff rate expected to reach 19% by year end. US real labour income is thus projected to decline in the coming months. Despite slower employment, inflationary pressures from tariffs and immigration-driven wage increases pose significant risks that could prematurely end the Fed's rate cut cycle. Investment lead growth is supporting the economy for now and the Atlanta Fed's GDPNow model is spiking, suggesting GDP growth could reaccelerate to 3.3% in Q3. Cheaper energy, a weaker dollar, lower equity earnings yields and narrowing credit spreads are all stimulative for business activity.

Geopolitical noise and risks remain high. The oil price spiked after Trump reversed his stance on Ukraine, writing on social media: "I think Ukraine, with the support of the European Union, is in a position to fight and WIN all of Ukraine back in its original form." Poland shot down 19 Russian drones that entered its airspace during a massive Kremlin airstrike on Ukraine, calling the trespass an "act of aggression". Polish Prime Minister Donald Tusk subsequently invoked NATO's Article 4 to consult allies on collective defence measures. Lithuanian President Gitanas Nausėda warned Russia over the recent entry of three armed Russian fighter jets into Estonian airspace and a series of incursions along the Eastern part of the NATO alliance countries.

Markets are very stretched and pullbacks are likely due to geopolitical risks or inflation. The Fed continues to provide liquidity, and fiscal stimulus is much stronger than it should be at this point in the economic cycle, which suggests that any pullbacks will be shallow.

RISK PROFILE



TIME HORIZON



Fund performance

The Sygnia Enhanced All Bond Fund delivered 7.1% over the quarter, outperforming the JSE All Bond Composite Index (ALBI) while remaining duration-neutral relative to the index.

The modified duration of the fund was higher at 6.0 years, in line with the modified duration of the ALBI.

There were no reconstitutions during the quarter. The short end (1–3 year-bucket) underperformed the long end of the curve (7–12 year-bucket), returning 2.3% and 9.6% respectively. The R2053 was the best-performing government bond, producing an impressive 10.4% over the three months.

On the domestic front, the South African Reserve Bank (SARB) reduced the repo rate by 25 basis points to 7% in July (the lowest rate since late 2022) after the last cut in May. The central bank signalled a new inflation-targeting approach, now aiming for the bottom end of the official 3–6% target range, though final ratification by National Treasury is pending. Annual consumer price inflation hovered between 3.0% and 3.5%: headline CPI was 3.0% in June, rising to a ten-month high of 3.5% in July before easing to 3.3% in August, supported by moderate food and falling fuel prices.

The US Federal Reserve initiated its first interest rate cut in nine months, cutting by 25 basis points to a target range of 4–4.25% in July amid growing signs of labour market cooling and persistent but largely contained inflation. Fed members projected two additional cuts for the remainder of the year, reflecting consensus to move away from restrictive policy. The US 10-year yield traded largely rangebound, ending at 4.15% in September.

Disclaimer

Sygnia Collective Investments RF (Pty) Ltd is incorporated and registered under the law of South Africa and is registered under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No 45 of 2002). The company does not provide any guarantee with respect to the capital or return of the portfolio. Nothing in this document will be considered to state or imply that the collective investment scheme or portfolio is suitable for a particular type of investor.

Important information to consider before investing

Investment Objective & Strategy

The investment objective of the Sygnia Enhanced All Bond Fund is to outperform the JSE All Bond Composite Index (ALBI). This actively managed fixed income portfolio will aim to offer investors access to a selection of South African fixed rate bonds. The underlying investments are selected based on yield offered by South African corporates, banks, government, and State-Owned Enterprises. Consideration is given to the composition of the JSE All Bond Composite Index. Derivatives are allowed for efficient portfolio management.

Balancing Risk and Reward

The Sygnia Enhanced All Bond Index Fund targets an overall 100% allocation to a broad selection of South African bonds and has a low to medium risk profile. It is a suitable investment for investors who are risk averse and seek exposure to less volatile assets. The fund is also suitable for investors seeking an investment vehicle focused equally on capital growth and income generation. Given the specialist nature of the fund, it should be used as part of a broadly-diversified investment strategy.

The recommended investment term for investors in the Sygnia Enhanced All Bond Index Fund is a minimum of three years. The fund has a 100% strategic allocation to South African bonds. The structure of the fund is dictated by the composition of the JSE All Bond Composite Index. The fund may be exposed to certain risks such as credit risk, where an issuer of a non-equity security may not be able to make interest payments or repay the capital, impacting the value of the fund, as well as liquidity risk, this relates to the ability of the unit trust to trade out of a security held in the portfolio at or near to its fair value. This may impact on liquidity in the fund. However, The structure of the fund is dictated by the composition of the JSE All Bond Composite Index and there are regulations in place which limit the amount a unit trust may be exposed to each Issuer thereby spreading the risk across Issuers.

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily an indicator of future performance. Performance data for the index is available from the JSE and is also available through many daily financial publications and websites. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling price and are allowed to engage in borrowing and scrip lending.

Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage. Performance is calculated for the portfolio. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. Reinvestment of income is calculated on the actual amount distributed per participatory interest, using the ex-dividend date NAV price of the applicable class of the portfolio, irrespective of the actual reinvestment date.

Fees

Sygnia charges an annual management fee comprised of applicable basis fees paid to underlying managers and Sygnia's annual service fee. The fund may invest in other unit trusts (underlying funds) that levy their own charges and which may charge performance fees in the event that the underlying fund's performance exceeds its benchmark. A schedule of fees and charges is available on request from Sygnia. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, levies, stamps, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. Sygnia does not provide advice and therefore does not charge advice fees.

What is the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs (TC)?

The total expense ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the fund's actual expenses over the past three years. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the fund and impact fund returns. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time, including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Since fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and Transaction Costs should not be deducted again from the published returns. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return.

Cumulative Investment Performance

Cumulative investment performance is for illustrative purposes only. The investment performance is calculated by taking all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown, with income reinvested on the reinvestment date.

Tax-Free Unit Trust

This fund qualifies as a tax-free investment according to section 12T of the Income Tax Act, effective from 1 March 2015. South African individuals qualify for the associated tax benefits – namely no tax on dividends, income or capital gains – while still enjoying all the benefits of a unit trust. Contributions to tax-free investments are limited to R36 000 per tax year, with a lifetime limit of R500 000. Amounts invested in excess of these permissible thresholds are taxable.

How are unit prices calculated?

Unit prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio, including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio, divided by the number of units in issue. Forward pricing is used and Fund valuations take place at approximately 15:00 each business day. Purchases and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14:00 each business day to receive that day's price. The price shown is specific to this class. The fund size represents the portfolio size as a whole. Unit prices are updated by 10:00 every business day and are available on our website, www.sygnia.co.za.

Disclaimer

The fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Sygnia Collective Investments RF (Pty) Ltd is incorporated and registered under the laws of South Africa and is registered under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No 45 of 2002). Sygnia Asset Management (Proprietary) Limited (FSP Registration No. 873), an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed investment manager of the fund. Sygnia Collective Investments RF (Pty) Ltd does not provide any guarantee with respect to the capital or return of the portfolio. Nothing in this minimum disclosure document will be considered to state or imply that the collective investment scheme or portfolio is suitable for a particular type of investor.

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Additional information such as fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fees and charges can be requested via admin@sfs.sygnia.co.za or 0860 794 642 (0860 SYGNIA).