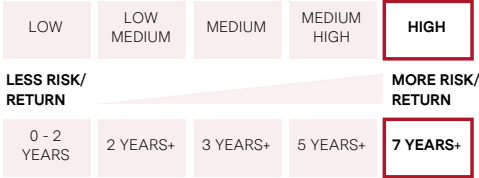


Sygnia DIVI Fund

Minimum Disclosure Document (MDD)
Class A
South African - Equity - SA General

30 June 2026

Portfolio Managers	Steven Empedocles, Wynand Kok	Investment Objective
Regulation 28	Non-Compliant	
Fund Launch Date	30 May 2013	
Class Launch Date	6 November 2013	Income Distribution
Fund Size	R 294.00 Million	
Unit Price	142.06	Trustees
Units in Issue	150 815 938	

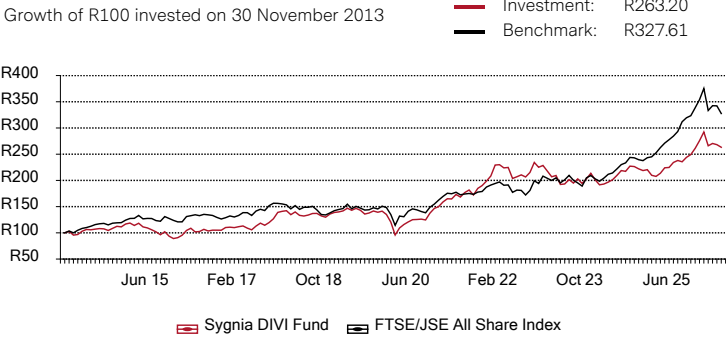


The fund aims to deliver long term yield and capital growth performance by investing into high dividend stocks

Bi-annually (September and March)
Payment: 1 Apr 2026 - 3.59 cents per unit
Payment: 1 Oct 2025 - 4.34 cents per unit

Standard Bank Trustees (021 441 4100)

Cumulative Investment Performance



Performance Analysis

Periodic Performance	Fund	*BM	Difference
1 Month	-1.9%	-4.3%	2.4%
3 Months	-1.1%	-1.7%	0.7%
6 Months	0.8%	-3.2%	4.0%
Year to Date	0.8%	-3.2%	4.0%
1 Year	17.1%	18.0%	-0.9%
**3 Years	10.9%	17.6%	-6.8%
**5 Years	9.4%	13.7%	-4.3%
**Since Inception	8.0%	9.9%	-1.9%

Performance as calculated by Sygnia Asset Management as at reporting date
*FTSE/JSE All Share Index
**Annualised performance figures

Historical Performance

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2022	4.9%	10.0%	0.3%	-2.6%	0.3%	-9.3%	1.6%	1.7%	-1.9%	4.1%	8.9%	-3.9%	13.3%
2023	1.5%	-4.7%	-5.0%	1.2%	-8.1%	0.5%	4.4%	-3.3%	4.1%	-4.3%	4.6%	5.2%	-5.1%
2024	-5.8%	-4.7%	0.7%	1.9%	2.3%	4.1%	4.4%	-0.7%	4.6%	-0.4%	-1.9%	-1.5%	2.4%
2025	0.8%	-4.9%	-1.0%	2.9%	4.9%	0.3%	4.2%	1.6%	-1.1%	3.6%	2.2%	4.7%	19.3%
2026	5.6%	6.0%	-9.0%	1.7%	-0.9%	-1.9%							0.8%

Risk Statistics

	Fund	BM
% Negative Months	36.7%	33.3%
Avg Negative Return	-3.7%	-3.1%
Maximum Drawdown	-18.2%	-12.7%
Standard Deviation	14.8%	13.1%
Downside Deviation	9.3%	9.2%
Highest Annual Return: Mar 2025 - Feb 2026	39.4%	53.2%
Lowest Annual Return: Jun 2022 - May 2023	-14.4%	2.1%

The risk statistics reflected above are calculated on a 60-month or since-inception basis, depending on which period is shorter.

Sector Allocation

Sector	Percent	Allocation
Financials	46.4%	
Industrials	33.7%	
Resources	19.9%	

Top 10 Holdings

Asset	Percentage
Truworths International Ord Shs	5.2%
Nedbank Group Ord Shs	5.0%
Exxaro Resources Ord Shs	4.5%
Absa Group Ord Shs	4.3%
Momentum Group Ord Shs	4.1%
Netcare Ord Shs	4.0%
Kumba Iron Ore Ord Shs	4.0%
Investec PLC Ord Shs	4.0%
Firststrand Ord Shs	3.9%
AVI Ord Shs	3.9%

Fees

Initial Fee	0.00% **
Management Fee	0.35% **
Performance Fee	N/A
Other costs	0.04% **
VAT	0.06%
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.45% (Jun 2026)
Transaction Costs (TC)	0.21% (Jun 2026)
Total Investment Charge (TIC)	0.66% (Jun 2026)

**Fees are exclusive of VAT

Sygnia DIVI Fund

Fund commentary

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South African - Equity - SA General

2nd Quarter 2026

Market performance

The World Bank has trimmed its 2026 global growth forecast to 2.5%, down from 2.6% in January, citing the economic drag from the Middle East conflict. Emerging market and developing economies are now anticipated to grow at 3.6%, a 0.4% downgrade. The US is the notable exception, holding steady at 2.2% – unchanged from January and marginally ahead of its 2.1% outturn in 2025.

The announcement of a memorandum of understanding between Iran and the US caused the oil price to fall dramatically but has not altered our baseline forecasts. The oil price has retracted considerably but will remain elevated throughout 2026 relative to 2025 as geopolitical risks persist:

- A nuclear deal with Iran will be difficult to achieve without Trump agreeing to weaker terms than those secured under Obama's 2015 Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (which Trump scrapped).
- Reports of strikes in Lebanon continue, and it remains far from certain whether Israel and Hezbollah can sustain their temporary ceasefire.
- Red Sea traffic remains well below pre-conflict levels and is likely to remain so, as insurance costs remain high; Damaged facilities are still offline, and the UAE, for example, has declared its intention to reduce its Hormuz exposure to zero.

Gold has fallen more than 25% from its peak and bitcoin more than 50% as strong US jobs data and the Fed's reaffirmation of its inflation target pile pressure on assets that had rallied on fears of currency debasement. May US payroll growth came in well above the highest forecast, with substantial upward revisions to prior months. To put the number in context, St Louis Fed economists estimate that monthly job creation of 30 000–85 000 is sufficient to avoid pushing unemployment higher. At 172 000, May's print was double the top of that range. For the Fed, the figures settle the question of labour market softening, allowing it to turn its full attention to the inflation side of its dual mandate. Half of the Fed's 18 members now anticipate at least one rate increase this year, and a third project two or more – a clear shift from the prior easing bias, notwithstanding the Middle East deal and lower oil prices. Markets were debating whether the Fed was quietly acquiescing to an implicit 3% inflation target after five years above the 2% threshold, but incoming chair Kevin Warsh vowed to restore price stability and confirmed the 2% inflation target remains key to the Fed's mandate. Markets reacted sharply to the strong payrolls and later to the hawkish Fed. Yields surged, the dollar strengthened and traders moved to fully price in an additional 25 basis points of tightening. The combination of a hawkish Fed, a stronger dollar and rising bond yields has weighed heavily on the debasement trade, which reflects a cluster of demand drivers: higher geopolitical uncertainty, long-term inflation uncertainty and concerns about debt debasement driven by large fiscal deficits across major economies. One measure of this trade is non-bank investors' allocation to gold and bitcoin relative to their holdings of equities, bonds and cash. After a steady build-up from mid-2023, that allocation has been pulling back since the start of the Iran conflict and has now retreated to levels last seen in March 2025. For emerging markets, a hawkish Fed will cap the emerging market rally. Lower oil prices will partially remove one headwind for emerging markets, but a more restrictive Fed introduces a new one through a stronger dollar and tighter global liquidity, reducing the profitability of the carry trade.

Fitch has upgraded South Africa's sovereign credit rating one notch, from BB- to BB, with a stable outlook. The move brings all three major ratings agencies into alignment at the second-highest non-investment grade rating. That said, the upgrade should not be read as a signal of near-term progress – first-quarter GDP rose 0.5%, beating expectations, but its composition was weak. Growth was driven entirely by net exports, and even that reflected a sharp fall in imports rather than export-led strength. Household spending dropped sharply and investment fell. With the oil shock now feeding through, demand is likely to weaken further from the second quarter, and we expect full-year growth of around 1%. We agree with Fitch that the short-term fiscal outlook is positive. Elevated platinum and gold prices will help insulate government revenues from the oil shock and underpin ongoing budget consolidation and debt stabilisation. We have concerns about the longer term, where risks remain on the spending side, including potential support for state-owned enterprises, large contingent liabilities linked to the Road Accident Fund and the possibility that the Social Relief of Distress grant will become more generous or more widely covered than currently budgeted. Growth is also likely to remain subdued. Interest rate futures are pricing in one hike – a far cry from the three cuts anticipated before the Iran War and the Fed's shift in tone. Softness in gold adds a further headwind for South African growth.

Despite the conflict, growth has proven more resilient than feared. Global fiscal policy remains accommodative, effective US tariff rates have fallen and wealth effects remain positive, with markets at highs and the ongoing AI investment boom providing further support. But central banks are navigating an increasingly difficult environment: core inflation remains elevated and El Niño is expected to add further upward pressure through higher food prices, while future tariffs may lead to import inflation. With the US labour market now demonstrating renewed resilience, the Fed is likely to begin hiking sooner than anticipated to manage core inflation – a meaningful headwind for global equity markets. Emerging economies will continue to face a drag from higher energy and food prices as well as a hawkish Fed.

RISK PROFILE



TIME HORIZON



Fund performance

The Sygnia Divi Fund delivered -1.1% for the quarter, well above its benchmark, the FTSE/JSE SWIX Index. The fund benefitted from exposure to Mr Price Group Ltd, Momentum Group Ltd and Truworths International Ltd, while its exposure to Sibanye Stillwater Ltd, African Rainbow Minerals Ltd and Pan African Resources PLC detracted from performance.

There were no changes to the fund's constituents over the period.

The fund remains true to its investment objective of sustaining long-term capital growth by investing in high-dividend-paying stocks.

Disclaimer

Sygnia Collective Investments RF (Pty) Ltd is incorporated and registered under the law of South Africa and is registered under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No 45 of 2002). The company does not provide any guarantee with respect to the capital or return of the portfolio. Nothing in this document will be considered to state or imply that the collective investment scheme or portfolio is suitable for a particular type of investor.

Important information to consider before investing

Investment Objective & Strategy

The Sygnia DIVI Fund is a general equity portfolio that seeks to sustain a high long-term capital growth. The portfolio is a low-cost value styled fund and will aim a return profile consistent with those of value managers and will not follow traditional market cycle. The fund invests in large Mid Cap shares that are expected to pay the highest dividends over the forthcoming year. The weightings of the shares in the index are based on their relative dividend forecasts, rather than on the relative market capitalization, or size of the relevant companies. The composition of the index is reviewed bi-annually.

Balancing Risk and Reward

The Sygnia DIVI Fund targets an overall 100% allocation to a concentrated selection of South African equities and has a medium to high risk profile. It is a suitable investment for investors seeking higher returns who are willing to tolerate higher volatility and aim to maximise capital accumulation over a longer-term time horizon. The investment is also suitable for investors who wish to maximise their returns in the most cost-effective manner without the need to select asset managers or take on the risk of active and subjective investment decision-making processes. Given the specialist nature of the Fund, it should be used as part of a broadly-diversified investment strategy rather than as a sole equity investment.

The recommended investment term for investors in the Sygnia DIVI Fund is a minimum of seven years. The Fund has a 100% strategic allocation to South African equities. The risk is managed by spreading investments across sectors and individual shares. However, the structure of the Fund is dictated by the composition of the FTSE/JSE All Share Index. Equity markets are volatile and the price of equities fluctuate based on a number of factors such as changes in the economic climate, general movements in interest rates and the political and social environment which will also affect the value of the securities held in the unit trust, thereby affecting the overall value of the unit trust. There are regulations in place which limit the amount that a unit trust may invest in securities, thereby spreading the risk across securities, asset classes and companies. The fund may also be exposed to liquidity risk. This relates to the ability of the unit trust to trade out of a security held in the portfolio at or near to its fair value. The focus on a high dividend stream and mid-to-large cap companies provides an added benefit in terms of risk management.

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily an indicator of future performance. Performance data for the index is available from the JSE and is also available through many daily financial publications and websites. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling price and are allowed to engage in borrowing and scrip lending.

Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage. Performance is calculated for the portfolio. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. Reinvestment of income is calculated on the actual amount distributed per participatory interest, using the ex-dividend date NAV price of the applicable class of the portfolio, irrespective of the actual reinvestment date.

Fees

Sygnia charges an annual management fee comprised of applicable basis fees paid to underlying managers and Sygnia's annual service fee. The fund may invest in other unit trusts (underlying funds) that levy their own charges and which may charge performance fees in the event that the underlying fund's performance exceeds its benchmark. A schedule of fees and charges is available on request from Sygnia. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, levies, stamps, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. Sygnia does not provide advice and therefore does not charge advice fees.

What is the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs (TC)?

The total expense ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the fund's actual expenses over the past three years. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the fund and impact fund returns. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time, including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Since fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and Transaction Costs should not be deducted again from the published returns. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return.

Cumulative Investment Performance

Cumulative investment performance is for illustrative purposes only. The investment performance is calculated by taking all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown, with income reinvested on the reinvestment date.

How are unit prices calculated?

Unit prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio, including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio, divided by the number of units in issue. Forward pricing is used and fund valuations take place at approximately 15:00 each business day. Purchases and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14:00 each business day to receive that day's price. The price shown is specific to this class. The fund size represents the portfolio size as a whole. Unit prices are updated by 10:00 every business day and are available on our website, www.sygnia.co.za.

Disclaimer

The fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Sygnia Collective Investments RF (Pty) Ltd is incorporated and registered under the laws of South Africa and is registered under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No 45 of 2002). Sygnia Asset Management (Proprietary) Limited (FSP Registration No. 873), an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed investment manager of the fund. Sygnia Collective Investments RF (Pty) Ltd does not provide any guarantee with respect to the capital or return of the portfolio. Nothing in this minimum disclosure document will be considered to state or imply that the collective investment scheme or portfolio is suitable for a particular type of investor.

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Additional information such as fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fees and charges can be requested via admin@sfs.sygnia.co.za or 0860 794 642 (0860 SYGNIA).

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