



Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Audited Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Annual Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 December 2024

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Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Directors' responsibility statement

for the year ended 31 December 2024

The directors of Sygnia Itrix (RF) Proprietary Limited (the Manager) are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund (the Fund), comprising the statement of financial position at 31 December 2024, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements. These include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), Financial Reporting Pronouncements as issued by Financial Reporting Standards Council and in the manner required by:

- The Collective Investment Schemes Control Act; and
- The Trust Deed.

The directors of the Manager, whose names are stated below, hereby confirm that –

- (a) the annual financial statements set out on pages 9 to 24, fairly present in all material respects the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Fund in terms of IFRS Accounting Standards;
- (b) to the best of our knowledge and belief, no facts have been omitted or untrue statements made that would make the financial statements false or misleading;
- (c) internal financial controls have been put in place to ensure that material information relating to the Fund have been provided to effectively prepare the financial statements of the Fund;
- (d) the internal financial controls are adequate and effective and can be relied upon in compiling the annual financial statements, having fulfilled our role and function within the combined assurance model pursuant to principle 15 of the King IV™ Code;
- (e) where we are not satisfied, we have disclosed to the audit committee and the auditors the deficiencies in design and operational effectiveness of the internal financial controls and any fraud that involves directors, and have taken the necessary remedial action; and
- (f) we are not aware of any fraud involving the directors of the Manager.

The directors of the Manager have made an assessment of the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe that the Fund will not be a going concern in the year ahead.

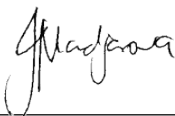
The auditor is responsible for reporting on whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

Approval of the annual financial statements

The annual financial statements of Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund as identified in the first paragraph, were approved by the directors of Sygnia Itrix (RF) Proprietary Limited on 14 March 2025 and are signed on their behalf by:



RA Ismail



I Madjarova



The Manager
Sygnia Itrix (RF)(PTY) Limited
7th Floor, The Foundry
Cardiff Street
Green Point
Cape Town
8001

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE FOR SYGNIA ITRIX COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME

We, the Standard Bank of South Africa Limited, in our capacity as Trustee of the Sygnia Itrix Collective Investment Scheme ("the Scheme") have prepared a report in terms of Section 70(1)(f) of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 45 of 2002, as amended ("the Act"), for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

In support of our report we have adopted certain processes and procedures that allow us to form a reasonable conclusion on whether the Manager has administered the Scheme in accordance with the Act and the Scheme Deed.

As Trustees of the Scheme we are also obliged to in terms of Section 70(3) of the Act to satisfy ourselves that every statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position or other return prepared by the Manager of the Scheme as required by [Section 90](#) of the Act fairly represents the assets and liabilities, as well as the income and distribution of income, of every portfolio of the Scheme.

The Manager is responsible for maintaining the accounting records and preparing the annual financial statements of the Scheme in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards. This responsibility also includes appointing an external auditor to the Scheme to ensure that the financial statements are properly drawn up so as to fairly represent the financial position of every portfolio of its collective investment scheme are in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and in the manner required by the Act.

Our enquiry into the administration of the Scheme by the Manager does not cover a review of the annual financial statements and hence we do not provide an opinion thereon.

Based on our records, internal processes and procedures we report that nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying financial statements do not fairly represent the assets and liabilities, as well as the income and distribution of income, of every portfolio of the Scheme administered by the Manager.

Standard Bank Centre 9th Floor 5 Simmonds Street Johannesburg 2001 PO Box 7725 Johannesburg 2000 South Africa
Tel. Switchboard: +27 (0)11 636 9112 www.standardbank.co.za

The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited (Reg. No. 1962/000738/06) Authorised financial services and registered credit provider (NCRCP15)

Directors: N Nyembezi (Chairman) AKL Fihla* (Chief Executive Officer) LL Bam PLH Cook A Daehnke* OA David-Borha¹ GJ Fraser-Moleketi GMB Kennealy BJ Kruger
Li L² JH Maree NNA Matyumza ML Oduor-Otieno³ RN Ogega³ Fenglin Tian² SK Tshabalala*

Company Secretary: K Froneman - 2025/01/07

* Executive Director ¹ Nigerian ² Chinese ³ Kenyan

We confirm that according to the records available to us, no losses were suffered in the portfolios and no investor was prejudiced as a result thereof.

We conclude our report by stating that we reasonably believe that the Manager has administered the Scheme in accordance with:

- (i) the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the manager by this Act;
- (ii) and the provisions of this Act and the deed;

Hoosain Hamdulay

Hoosain Hamdulay

Standard Bank of South Africa Limited

14 March 2025

Forvis Mazars, Rialto Road
Grand Moorings Precinct Century City, 7441
PO Box 134, Century City, 7446

Tel: +27 21 818 5000
Fax: +27 21 818 5001
Email: office.za.cpt@forvismazars.com
forvismazars.com/za



Independent Auditor's Report

31 December 2024

To the security investors of Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund (the Fund) set out on pages 9 to 24, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and in the manner required by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act of South Africa, and the manner required by the Trust Deed approved by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In terms of the IRBA Rule on Enhanced Auditor Reporting for the Audit of Financial Statements of Public Interest Entities, published in Government Gazette No. 49309 dated 15 September 2023 (EAR Rule), we report:

Registered Auditor – A firm of Chartered Accountants (SA) • IRBA Registration Number 900222

Partners: MV Ninan (Country Managing Partner), C Abrahamse, SJ Adlam, JPMP Atwood, JM Barnard, AK Batt, S Beets, T Beukes, WI Blake, HL Burger, MJ Cassan, C Coetzee, JC Combrink, JR Comley, TVDL De Vries, CR De Wee, G Deva, Y Dockrat, S Doolabh, A Driscoll, M Edelberg, JJ Eloff, T Erasmus, F Esterhuizen, Y Ferreira, MH Fisher, B Frey, T Gangen, M Groenewald, K Hoosain, MY Ismail, B Jansen, J Kasan, D Keeve, J Marais, TL Maree, N Mayat, B Mbunge, G Molyneux, A Moruck, R Murugan, S Naidoo, MG Odendaal, W Olivier, MT Rossouw, M Pieterse, E Pretorius, W Rabe, N Ravele, D Resnick, L Roeloffze, M Saayman, E Sibanda, MR Snow, EM Steyn, HH Swanepoel, AL Swartz, DM Tekie, MJA Teuchert, N Thelander, S Truter, PC van der Merwe, R van Molendorff, JC Van Tubbergh, N Volschenk, S Vorster, J Watkins-Baker

Our offices: Bloemfontein, Cape Town, Durban, Gqeberha, Johannesburg, Paarl, Pretoria

Final Materiality

The nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures was influenced by our determination and application of materiality. We have quantitatively calculated the materiality threshold, based on our professional judgement, as detailed in the table below, factoring in any qualitative considerations. We have evaluated the effect of any misstatements noted during the audit on an individual and aggregate basis.

Financial statements	
Final materiality	R56,822,000
Basis for determining materiality	2.5% of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities has been used as the basis for determining final materiality.
Rational for the materiality benchmark applied	We selected net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities as the materiality benchmark for the fund. This would be the benchmark that best reflects the value available to holders of redeemable securities on redemption at year-end and the best measure of the fund's performance and growth. We have selected 2.5% based on our professional judgement, which considers the regulatory environment the fund trades in as well as the reliance placed on the financial statements by the holders of redeemable securities.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

The Manager's directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the document titled "Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2024", which includes the Directors' Responsibility Statement and Trustees' Report. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager's Directors for the Financial Statements

The Manager's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act of South Africa, in the manner required by the Trust Deed approved by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority, and for such internal control as the Manager's directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager's directors are responsible for assessing the fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager's directors either intend to liquidate the fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager's directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager's directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Manager's directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Manager's directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Audit Tenure

In terms of the IRBA Rule published in Government Gazette Number 39475 dated 4 December 2015, we report that Forvis Mazars has been the auditor of the Fund for four years.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Forvis Mazars'.

FORVIS MAZARS

Partner: Mia Pieterse

Registered Auditor

14 March 2025

Cape Town

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Statement of financial position

as at 31 December 2024

		Notes	2024 R	2023 R
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	**	4	2 271 188 049	1 770 172 986
Trade and other receivables	*	6	1 989 922	1 781 253
Cash and cash equivalents	*	7	13 118 579	11 507 014
Total assets			2 286 296 550	1 783 461 253
Liabilities				
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities	***		2 272 908 567	1 771 780 803
Trade and other payables	*	8	13 387 983	11 680 450
Total liabilities			2 286 296 550	1 783 461 253
* Financial assets/liabilities measured at amortised cost				
** Financial assets measured at fair value - mandatory				
*** Financial liabilities at fair value - designated				

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 R	2023 R
Income			
Investment income	10	41 065 233	33 812 582
Foreign exchange gain		-	87 942
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	291 736 368	305 243 886
		<u>332 801 601</u>	<u>339 144 410</u>
Expenses			
Foreign exchange loss		(205 269)	-
Management and administrative expenses	11	(7 696 330)	(5 917 958)
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	-	-
		<u>(7 901 599)</u>	<u>(5 917 958)</u>
Profit before distributions		324 900 002	333 226 452
Distributions	5.3	<u>(26 923 400)</u>	<u>(22 793 794)</u>
Profit before tax		297 976 602	310 432 658
Withholding tax		(6 518 706)	(5 278 515)
Profit for the year before translation adjustment		<u>291 457 896</u>	<u>305 154 143</u>
Translation of functional currency to ZAR	5.5	58 519 820	85 865 801
Total comprehensive income and increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities		<u>349 977 716</u>	<u>391 019 944</u>

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities

for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities R
Balance at 1 January 2023		1 222 680 371
Profit for the year before translation adjustment		305 154 143
Creation of redeemable securities	5.2	215 395 250
Redemption of redeemable securities	5.2	(57 314 762)
Foreign currency translation adjustments attributable to holders of redeemable securities	5.5	85 865 801
Balance at 31 December 2023		1 771 780 803
Profit for the year before translation adjustment		291 457 896
Creation of redeemable securities	5.2	151 150 048
Foreign currency translation adjustments attributable to holders of redeemable securities	5.5	58 519 820
Balance at 31 December 2024		2 272 908 567

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Statement of cash flows

for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 R	2023 R
Cash utilised in operations	12	(446 484)	(358 226)
Dividends received		33 478 569	27 055 236
Management fees paid		(6 953 123)	(5 040 377)
Interest received		166 335	110 157
Net cash inflow from operating activities		26 245 297	21 766 790
Cash outflow from investing activities		(150 758 875)	(158 069 415)
Net purchases of index constituents	13	(150 758 875)	(158 069 415)
Cash inflow from financing activities		126 330 412	137 579 522
Proceeds on creation of securities		151 899 857	216 381 909
Payment on redemption of securities		-	(57 585 819)
Distributions paid to investors		(25 569 445)	(21 216 568)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1 816 834	1 276 897
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash		(205 269)	87 943
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		11 507 014	10 142 174
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	7	13 118 579	11 507 014

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Reporting entity

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF (the Fund) is a Fund domiciled in South Africa. The address of the Fund's registered office is 7th floor The Foundry, Green Point, Cape Town, 8001, South Africa.

The fund's underlying index is the S&P Global 1200 ESG Index which is a broad-based, market-cap-weighted index that is designed to measure the performance of securities meeting sustainability criteria. The S&P Global 1200 ESG Index was constructed to provide a risk and return profile similar to that of the S&P Global 1200 Index, while improving the ESG characteristics. The index targets 75% of the float market capitalization of each GICS® industry group within the S&P Global 1200 Index, using the S&P DJI ESG Scores for the constituent selection. Certain exclusions are also made based on criteria detailed in the methodology. The S&P DJI ESG Scores employ data gathered through Sygnia Asset Management Proprietary Limited's ("SAM") Corporate Sustainability.

Sygnia Itrix (RF) Proprietary Limited (the Manager) is the management company of the Fund. The investment activities, including the administration of the Fund, are managed by the Manager.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Basis of measurement

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are accounted for as set out in note 3.1.

2.2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Financial Reporting Pronouncements issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council, and the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act No 45 of 2002 (CISCA), in order to meet the requirements of the Trust Deed approved by the Financial Services Conduct Authority.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in South African Rand (ZAR) which is the Fund's presentation currency. The functional currency of the Fund is the United States Dollar (USD). All financial information presented has been rounded to the nearest Rand.

2.4 Judgements

Preparing annual financial statements in conforming with IFRS Accounting Standards requires estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and related disclosures. Significant judgement was applied by the directors of the Manager with regards to the functional currency as detailed below.

Determination of functional currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. If indicators of the primary economic environment are mixed, then management uses its judgement to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The Fund is administered and managed in United States Dollar. Accordingly, management has determined that the functional currency of the Fund is United States Dollar.

3. Accounting policies

The financial statements incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below which is consistent with those adopted in the previous financial year.

3.1 Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- Financial assets at amortised cost;
- Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost; and
- Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

Classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were obtained / incurred and takes place at initial recognition.

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The Fund classifies their investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Funds have not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities may consist of payments that are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Based on the principle of eliminating an accounting mismatch in the financial statements, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities are designated to be measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Fund's accounting policy is described in note 3.9 below.

Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost include dividends receivable, other receivables (including sales transactions awaiting settlement) and cash and cash equivalents. Financial liabilities at amortised cost include accrued expenses, distributions payable and other payables (including purchases transactions awaiting settlement).

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date they are originated.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognised initially at fair value, with transaction costs recognised in profit or loss. Financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue.

(iii) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Fund measures financial instruments which are classified as at FVPL at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in profit or loss as on a net basis in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Dividends earned or paid on these instruments are recorded separately in dividend income or expense in profit or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities, other than those classified as at FVPL, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the debt instruments are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Amortised cost measurement

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date. When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Investments in other open-ended funds are recorded at the quoted net asset value per unit as reported by the managers of such funds.

The Fund uses the weighted average method to determine realised gains and losses on derecognition. All changes in fair value, other than interest and dividend income and expense, are recognised in profit or loss as part of net gain / (loss) on financial instruments.

(iv) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Fund has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement), and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the fund has retained.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(v) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets measured at amortised cost consists of dividends receivable that matures within three months and cash and cash equivalents that are held with reputable financial institutions.

Expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost are assessed and recognised in accordance with the general approach.

3.2 Investment income

Investment income comprises:

- Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents;
- Income adjustment on creation of units (at the time of creation, this relates to the equalisation component that represents the income portion attributable to the net asset value at the time that is payable by the creating party); and
- Dividends from listed equities held at fair value through profit or loss.

3.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method taking into account the expected timing and amount of cash flows.

3.4 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established. This is usually the ex-dividend date for quoted equities.

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.5 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are those transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency (USD). Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to USD at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into USD at the exchange rate ruling at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into US Dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the date that the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising on translation are recognised in profit or loss. Where the average exchange rate approximates the exchange rate used at the date of the transaction the average exchange rate has been applied.

Translation into presentation currency of South African Rand (Rand)

Assets and liabilities are translated from the Fund's functional currency to Rand using the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expense items are translated to Rand using the exchange rate at the dates of the transaction.

Differences arise from the translation into Rand because of:

- Exchange rates used to translate the opening value of the investments in the beginning of the year;
- Exchange rates used to translate transactions during the year, including income and expenses and new investments; and
- Exchange rate used to translate the closing carrying amount of investments at the end of the year.

These differences have an opposite adjustment effect on the value of the redeemable securities liability, which equals the net asset value of the Fund. The differences that result from the foreign exchange translation is reflected as 'Translation of functional currency to ZAR' and 'Foreign currency translation adjustments attributable to holders of redeemable securities' in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and in the Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities respectively.

3.6 Withholding tax

Withholding tax levied on dividends received is recognised as a tax expense in the period in which the related dividend income is recognised. This tax reduces the amount available for distribution to investors.

3.7 Taxation

Under the current system of taxation in South Africa, income is taxed in the hands of the investor if distributed within 12 months failing which the income will be deemed to be received by and accrued to the Fund and will be taxed in the Fund.

No deferred tax is recognised, as the Fund will not have tax consequences when the assets are sold or the liabilities settled. All tax consequences will be in the hands of the investors.

Foreign dividend income is reflected gross of withholding tax (WHT). The income is passed on to the investors net of WHT.

3.8 Expenses

Expenses are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Management fees are calculated on a daily basis at an agreed percentage of the assets under management.

3.9 Redeemable securities

All redeemable securities issued by the Fund provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash or *in specie* at the value proportionate to each investor's share. The securities are redeemable at any time at the option of the security holder and are therefore classified as financial liabilities.

The fair value of redeemable securities is measured at the redemption amount that is payable in cash and securities representing each investor's equal undivided and vested interest in the assets as a whole, subject to liabilities as defined by the Trust Deed. In accordance with the Trust Deed and CISCA, the Fund is contractually obliged to redeem securities at the NAV.

3.10 Creations and redemptions

Investors can acquire Sygnia Itrix securities by trading on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE). These purchases will be made at the current market price of the securities plus a brokerage fee that is negotiable with the broker and any additional transaction costs applicable to such a trade.

The cash subscription price and the number of Sygnia Itrix securities to be issued to an investor for cash will be determined by the amount which the investor invests (net of transaction costs) and will be a function of the *pro rata* cost to the Fund of acquiring the underlying basket of securities.

Investors may sell securities by trading on the JSE.

Security prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of securities in issue. For security pricing purposes, net assets are determined using the last reported trade price for securities. These prices may differ from the market price quoted on the JSE.

3.11 Equalisation component of a redeemable security

At the time of creation/redemption, this component represents the income portion attributable to the net asset value at the time and is payable by the creating party or paid to the redeeming party.

3.12 Distributions

In accordance with the Trust Deed, the Fund distributes its distributable income and any other amounts determined by the management company to security holders in cash. The distributions are payable bi-annually.

Distributions payable on redeemable securities are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they have accrued.

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.13 Operating segments

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF offers only one product, being the specific exchange traded fund, tracking the specific identified index. Information regarding the results of the reportable segment is disclosed in the financial statements as currently set out, thus no further IFRS 8 disclosure is required.

3.14 New Standards and Interpretations

Standards and interpretations effective and adopted in the current year

The fund has adopted the IAS 1 Presentation of financial statements: Disclosure of Accounting policies amendment in the current year, and the amendment has been applied in this set of financial statements.

Standards and interpretations not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following standards and interpretations that impact the Fund were in issue, but not yet effective:

IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

IFRS 18 replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and includes requirements for all entities applying IFRS Accounting Standards for the presentation and disclosure of information in financial statements.

During the current year, the directors of the Manager has considered the impact of all standards, amendments and interpretations in issue, but not yet effective, and does not believe that there are any material impacts to be noted as at the date of this report. A continual effort will be made to assess whether there is a need to revisit this determination.

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024 R	2023 R
4.	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
	Equity instruments		
	Listed equity securities	2 271 188 049	1 770 172 986
5.	Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF redeemable securities		
5.1	Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF redeemable securities in issue		
		2024 Number	2023 Number
	Total redeemable securities in issue	39 564 715	36 764 715
In terms of the Trust Deed and CISCA, the Fund would be required to pay the net asset value attributable to investors on redemption of securities. Vested income beneficiaries include all holders of Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF redeemable securities.			
5.2	Creations and redemptions		
There were 2 800 000 (2023: 4 800 000) Securities created during the year amounting to the value of R151 150 048 (2023: R215 395 250) and nil (2023:1 270 058) securities redeemed during the year to the value of Rnil (2023: R57 314 762). There were no redemptions during the current year.			
5.3	Distributions		
The Fund effects bi-annual distributions. All distributions are made from the income of the Fund.			
During the year under review the following distributions were effected by the Fund:			
		2024 R	2023 R
	Declared distributions	(26 923 400)	(22 793 794)
	0.38153 rand per security declared June 2024 and paid July 2024	(14 866 203)	(12 090 552)
	0.37188 rand per security declared June 2023 and paid July 2023		
	0.30475 rand per security declared December 2024 and paid January 2025	(12 057 197)	(10 703 242)
	0.29113 rand per security declared December 2023 and paid January 2024		
	Total distribution expense for the year	(26 923 400)	(22 793 794)
5.4	Quarterly review of Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF Redeemable Security Prices (cents per security)		
	Quarter ended:	High cents	Low cents
	31 March 2024	5 415	4 848
	30 June 2024	5 568	5 124
	30 September 2024	5 554	5 162
	31 December 2024	5 884	5 324
	31 March 2023	4 216	3 697
	30 June 2023	4 733	4 136
	30 September 2023	4 798	4 485
	31 December 2023	4 935	4 319
5.5	Foreign currency translation adjustments attributable to holders of redeemable securities		
		2024 R	2023 R
	Spot rate as at 31 December (USD)	18.87	18.29
	Average rate for the financial year (USD)	18.33	18.46
	Arising from:		
	Translation of opening balance to year end closing spot rate	56 442 583	91 441 421
	Translation of creations during the year from the rate at the date of the transaction to the year end closing spot rate	1 993 604	(7 268 918)
	Translation of redemptions during the year from the rate at the date of transaction to the year end closing spot rate	-	1 732 717
	Translation of net income/(loss) earned at average rates during the year to the year end closing spot rate	83 633	(39 419)
	Total effect of foreign currency translation adjustment	58 519 820	85 865 801
6.	Trade and other receivables		
	Dividends receivable	1 989 922	1 781 253
		1 989 922	1 781 253
Refer to credit risk Note 15 for further disclosure.			

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

	2024 R	2023 R
7. Cash and cash equivalents		
Standard Bank - South African Rand	37 518	28 590
The Bank of New York	13 081 061	11 478 424
	13 118 579	11 507 014

The cash and cash equivalents held with The Bank of New York includes the following foreign currencies held, translated to South African Rand at the spot exchange rate at year end:

	Functional Currency (USD)		Presentation Currency (ZAR)	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Australian Dollar	(10)	4 036	(189)	73 808
Brazilian Real	2 724	204	51 402	3 731
Canadian Dollar	592	1 439	11 171	26 316
Euro	8	38	151	695
Great British Pound	(91)	161	(1 717)	2 944
Hong Kong Dollar	-	900	-	16 459
Japanese Yen	30	38	566	695
South Korean Won	(14)	34	(264)	622
Taiwan Dollar	(50)	109	(944)	1 993
United States Dollar	690 031	620 706	13 020 885	11 351 161
			13 081 061	11 478 424

Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with banks. The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited's credit rating for the long-term local currency and foreign currency deposits is Ba2. Risk on South African banks is considered negligible as all cash deposits are guaranteed by the SA Reserve Bank and banks are financially sound. The long term issuer default rating for the Bank of New York Mellon, as Global custodian, is AA.

8. Trade and other payables

Distributions payable	12 057 197	10 703 242
Management fees payable	680 390	519 271
Custody fees Payable	79 416	-
Auditor fee payable	28 471	25 747
Listing fees payable	191 061	138 123
Strate fees payable	19 694	19 168
Withholding tax payable	331 754	274 899
	13 387 983	11 680 450

Trade and other payables are short term in nature and are settled regularly.

9. Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	20 914 438	5 503 367
Unrealised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	270 821 930	299 740 519
	291 736 368	305 243 886

10. Investment income

Income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

Dividend income	40 149 089	32 715 766
Income adjustment on creation of units	749 809	986 659
Interest income	166 335	110 157
	41 065 233	33 812 582

11. Management and administrative expenses

Management and administrative expenses include:

Income adjustment on cancellation of units	-	271 057
Bank charges	1 075	1 189
Brokerage expense	176 084	130 519
Management fees	7 114 242	5 244 290
Custody fees	62 290	-
Auditor fees - External audit fees	56 100	49 062
Strate fees	37 382	37 935
Listing fees	249 157	183 817
Other expenses	-	89
	7 696 330	5 917 958

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

	2024 R	2023 R
12. Cash utilised in operations		
Profit for the year before tax	297 976 602	310 432 658
<i>Adjusted for non-cash and separately disclosable items:</i>		
Dividend income	(40 149 089)	(32 715 766)
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(291 736 368)	(305 243 886)
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)	205 269	(87 942)
Income adjustment on creation of units	(749 809)	(986 659)
Income adjustment on cancellation of units	-	271 057
Management fees	7 114 242	5 244 290
Distributions declared	26 923 400	22 793 794
Interest income	(166 335)	(110 157)
<i>Working capital changes:</i>		
Increase in trade and other payables	135 604	44 385
	(446 484)	(358 226)
13. Purchases and sales of index constituents		
Purchases of index constituents	(396 406 371)	(348 570 200)
Sales of index constituents	245 647 496	190 500 785
	(150 758 875)	(158 069 415)
14. Related parties		
Related parties include the Manager, Sygnia Itrix (RF) Proprietary Limited, in its capacity as the management company of the Fund. The ultimate holding company is Sygnia Limited. There were no transactions with the ultimate holding company.		
The following related party balances and transactions occurred during the year:		
<i>Trade and other payables</i>		
– Management fee payable	680 390	519 271
<i>Expenses</i>		
– Management fee expense	7 114 242	5 244 290

The management fee expense is calculated on a daily basis at 30 basis points excluding VAT (2023: 30 basis points excluding VAT) of net asset value per annum. There were no material transactions with The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited in its capacity as Trustee.

Outstanding balances will be settled in the ordinary course of business.

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

15. Financial risk management

The Fund has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Currency risk
- Index risk
- Investment risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk
- Operational risk
- Secondary trading risk

The objectives for managing the risks associated with financial instruments held for investment purposes as well as a brief description of the relevant risks and methods adopted to mitigate these risks are outlined in more detail below. The Fund is an underlying portfolio of the Sygnia Itrix Collective Investment Scheme which is regulated by CISC. In terms of the CISC the Manager must appoint a Trustee.

The investment policy of the Fund is to track the S&P Global 1200 ESG Index as closely as practically and feasibly possible by buying securities that substantially make up the index at similar weighting as they are included in the Index. Whenever the Index gets rebalanced, the Portfolio will be rebalanced to align its holdings to that of the benchmark and to the extent that its performance will not deviate from its benchmark. No securities will be bought for the sole purposes of making a speculative profit by selling them at a higher price later, unless this is for the purpose of tracking the Index.

The Fund's security holdings will be adjusted as determined by the stipulations of the Index calculation methodology to conform to changes in the basket of securities comprising the relevant Sygnia Itrix Portfolio so as to substantially reflect the composition and weighting of the securities comprising the Index at all times.

It is recorded that the Fund's ability to replicate the price and yield performance of the Index will be affected by the costs and expenses incurred by the Fund. Costs and expenses may result in the Index not being replicated perfectly by the Fund.

Management monitors compliance with CISC requirements and reports are submitted to the Financial Services Conduct Authority. Capital adequacy requirements as required by CISC are maintained by the Manager of the Fund. Daily pricing of the Fund is publicly available.

The Manager's Audit Committee oversees management's compliance with the Fund's Risk Management Framework in relation to the risks faced by the Fund.

Credit risk

The Fund could be exposed to credit risk as a result of a counterparty to a transaction failing to meet its contractual obligations. This could arise primarily from the Fund's cash held in bank accounts. Credit risk is assessed as minimal due to the following reasons:

- The nature of the Fund is to invest in listed shares, so cash balances are kept at a low level;
- The banks at which the Fund banks, namely The Standard Bank of South Africa and The Bank of New York, both have high credit ratings; and
- There are short settlement periods involved relating to unsettled transactions, and this is monitored on a daily basis as part of the Fund administration process.

The maximum credit exposure at the statement of financial position is equal to the carrying amounts of the following assets disclosed on the face of the Fund's statement of financial position:

- Trade and other receivables
- Cash and cash equivalents

None of these assets are impaired.

Currency risk

The Fund invests in listed equity shares denominated in various currencies, with the functional currency of the Fund being United States Dollar. As the Fund's net asset values are reported in Rand, movements in the United States Dollar exchange rates in relation to the Rand would cause volatility in the Fund's Rand investment balances and unit prices. This is merely as a result of translation from the functional currency to the presentation currency, and is not presented in the sensitivity analysis below. The fund is, however, exposed to foreign currency risk on investments that are denominated in a currency other than United States Dollar.

The table below summarises the Fund's non-monetary investments denominated in a currency other than United States Dollar, and illustrates the Fund's exposure to the applicable foreign currencies and the effect of a change in exchange rates on profit or loss for the year, as indicated. The sensitivity analysis is prepared with all other variables held constant, and is based on the balances at year end taking into account the reasonable possible changes in the next 12 months. The actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material. The disclosure provides information on the risks to which unit holders are exposed and is not indicative of future performance.

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

15. Financial risk management (continued)

Currency risk (continued)

Currency exposure	2024 USD	2023 USD	2024 R	2023 R
Functional currency	Functional currency	Functional currency	Presentation currency	Presentation currency
Australian Dollar	2 073 293	2 135 026	39 123 035	39 044 290
Brazilian Real	124 332	172 482	2 346 146	3 154 259
Canadian Dollar	3 096 073	2 504 624	58 422 905	45 803 309
Swiss Franc	2 774 997	2 701 158	52 364 203	49 397 434
Chilean Peso	19 054	3 808	359 552	69 641
Colombian Peso	440	464	8 297	8 477
Danish Krone	890 451	240 418	16 802 819	4 396 649
Euro	9 611 432	8 652 913	181 367 729	158 240 148
Great British Pound	3 984 088	3 652 368	75 179 745	66 792 683
Hong Kong Dollar	1 611 618	1 264 830	30 411 236	23 130 583
Japanese Yen	7 285 489	5 872 981	137 477 170	107 402 133
South Korean Won	828 959	1 166 531	15 642 447	21 332 936
Mexican Peso	213 635	269 355	4 031 290	4 925 829
Norwegian Krone	103 615	116 903	1 955 218	2 137 855
Swedish Krona	931 147	879 038	17 570 747	16 075 404
Singapore Dollar	373 416	252 502	7 046 361	4 617 639
Taiwan Dollar	2 168 645	1 362 209	40 922 340	24 911 404

Reasonable possible shift in currency rate in relation to USD	2024	Increase 2024 R	Decrease 2024 R	2023	Increase 2023 R	Decrease 2023 R
Presentation currency						
Australian Dollar	6%	2 347 382	(2 347 382)	4%	1 561 772	(1 561 772)
Brazilian Real	12%	281 538	(281 538)	7%	220 798	(220 798)
Canadian Dollar	6%	3 505 374	(3 505 374)	3%	1 374 099	(1 374 099)
Swiss Franc	6%	3 141 852	(3 141 852)	5%	2 469 872	(2 469 872)
Chilean Peso	5%	17 978	(17 978)	6%	4 178	(4 178)
Colombian Peso	18%	1 494	(1 494)	14%	1 187	(1 187)
Danish Krone	5%	840 141	(840 141)	5%	219 832	(219 832)
Euro	5%	9 068 386	(9 068 386)	6%	9 494 409	(9 494 409)
Great British Pound	6%	4 510 785	(4 510 785)	6%	4 007 561	(4 007 561)
Hong Kong Dollar	1%	304 112	(304 112)	1%	231 306	(231 306)
Japanese Yen	10%	13 747 717	(13 747 717)	10%	10 740 213	(10 740 213)
South Korean Won	7%	1 094 971	(1 094 971)	5%	1 066 647	(1 066 647)
Mexican Peso	13%	524 068	(524 068)	7%	344 808	(344 808)
Norwegian Krone	8%	156 417	(156 417)	5%	106 893	(106 893)
Swedish Krona	8%	1 405 660	(1 405 660)	9%	1 446 786	(1 446 786)
Singapore Dollar	2%	140 927	(140 927)	1%	46 176	(46 176)
Taiwan Dollar	6%	2 455 340	(2 455 340)	4%	996 456	(996 456)

Reasonable possible shift in currency rate in relation to USD	2024	Increase 2024 USD	Decrease 2024 USD	2023	Increase 2023 USD	Decrease 2023 USD
Functional currency						
Australian Dollar	6%	124 398	(124 398)	4%	85 401	(85 401)
Brazilian Real	12%	14 920	(14 920)	7%	12 074	(12 074)
Canadian Dollar	6%	185 764	(185 764)	3%	75 139	(75 139)
Swiss Franc	6%	166 500	(166 500)	5%	135 058	(135 058)
Chilean Peso	5%	953	(953)	6%	228	(228)
Colombian Peso	18%	79	(79)	14%	65	(65)
Danish Krone	5%	44 523	(44 523)	5%	12 021	(12 021)
Euro	5%	480 572	(480 572)	6%	519 175	(519 175)
Great British Pound	6%	239 045	(239 045)	6%	219 142	(219 142)
Hong Kong Dollar	1%	16 116	(16 116)	1%	12 648	(12 648)
Japanese Yen	10%	728 549	(728 549)	10%	587 298	(587 298)
South Korean Won	7%	58 027	(58 027)	5%	58 327	(58 327)
Mexican Peso	13%	27 773	(27 773)	7%	18 855	(18 855)
Norwegian Krone	8%	8 289	(8 289)	5%	5 845	(5 845)
Swedish Krona	8%	74 492	(74 492)	9%	79 113	(79 113)
Singapore Dollar	2%	7 468	(7 468)	1%	2 525	(2 525)
Taiwan Dollar	6%	130 119	(130 119)	4%	54 488	(54 488)

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

15. Financial risk management (continued)

Index risk

There is no assurance that the Index will continue to be calculated and published on the same or similar basis indefinitely. The index was created as a measure of market performance and not for the purposes of trading Portfolio Index securities. The past performance of the Index is not necessarily a guide to its future performance.

The Index may be adjusted from time to time as a result of mergers, re-organisations, schemes of arrangement or other corporate activity involving constituent companies. Any adjustments to the Index will be implemented as determined from time to time in terms of the relevant Index stipulations for example if a constituent company pays a special dividend.

The adjustments may require the removal of a constituent company from the Index and the substitution thereof with a new constituent company while at the same time if necessary adjusting the base level. The adjustments to the Fund will be made in such a way that the Fund will remain substantially aligned with the Index level at all times.

The price of a Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF redeemable security is closely correlated to the movements in the Index. Any movement or adjustment in the Index or the underlying constituents of the Index will have an impact on the price of the redeemable security. At any point in time the fair value of a Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF redeemable security may be expected to reflect 1/1000th of the Index level plus an amount which reflects a pro rata portion of any accrued distribution amount within the Fund.

	2024		2023	
	Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF	S&P Global 1200 ESG NAV	Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF	S&P Global 1200 ESG NAV
	R	R	R	R
Market Capitalisation	2 272 908 567	304	1 771 780 803	263
8% increase in index (2023: 13%)	2 454 741 252	328	2 002 112 307	297
8% decrease in index (2023: 13%)	2 091 075 882	280	1 541 449 299	229
Movement	181 832 685	24	230 331 504	34

The analysis reflects the sensitivity of the Fund's underlying constituents with that of its Index underlying constituents based on the Market Capitalisation of the Fund and the Index NAV as at 31 December. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the S&P Global 1200 ESG Index was increased and decreased by 8% (2023: 13%), with all other variables held constant. An adjustment of 8% in the Index will result in a movement of R181 832 685 (2023 R230 331 504) in the Fund.

Investment risk

There is no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objectives of replicating the price and yield performance of the Index.

The following factors could impact negatively on the investment performance of the Fund:

- Certain costs and expenses incurred by the Fund could cause the underlying Portfolio to mistrack against the Index;
- Temporary unavailability of securities in the secondary market or other extraordinary circumstances could cause deviations from the exact weightings of the Index;
- In circumstances where securities comprising the Index are suspended from trading or other market disruptions occur, it may be impossible to rebalance the Portfolio of securities held by the Fund and this may lead to a tracking error; or
- Misinterpretation of information on the calculation of the Index could result in mistracking of the Index.

Investment risk is managed as follows:

- Daily reports are sent by the administrator to the Manager on portfolio holdings and tracking; and
- Daily reports are sent by the administrator to the Manager company on any unsettled trades.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations to investors when they fall due.

The approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that the Fund would be able to pay management fees and distributions to investors on a bi-annual basis. All amounts due to investors are settled prior to settlement of the management fees due to the Manager. All distributions are approved by the Trustee and calculated by the Management Company.

The Fund could also be exposed to liquidity risk in cases where insufficient liquidity on certain securities is available to effect the necessary changes in Index constituents. The need to employ alternative investment techniques would only arise in the event of a liquidity problem for example if it is not possible to acquire certain securities comprising the Index due to there being no sellers of such securities.

Given that the Fund only holds listed equity shares, the turnaround time to liquidate such listed equity shares would be the trade cycle in the respective markets which is between 2 to 3 days.

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG ETF redeemable securities are listed instruments. They are bought and sold on the JSE through a JSE member. The redeemable security can be sold to the Manager which is obliged to buy them from the investor.

Market makers will attempt to maintain a high degree of liquidity through continuously offering to buy and sell Sygnia Itrix redeemable securities at prices around the NAV of the redeemable share thereby ensuring tight buy and sell spreads. Under normal circumstances and conditions, the investor will be able to buy or sell Sygnia Itrix redeemable securities from the market makers.

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024

15. Financial risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Contractual maturity

Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities*

2024 R	2023 R
Less than 6 months	Less than 6 months
13 387 983	11 680 450
2 272 908 567	1 771 780 803
2 286 296 550	1 783 461 253

* Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities are payable on demand.

Market risk

Market risk exists where significant changes in equity prices will affect the value of the Fund's financial instruments. The investment mandate is that the Fund is passively managed and as a result the management of market risk is not possible.

There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its investment objective of perfectly tracking the Index.

The value of redeemable securities and distributions payable by the Fund will rise and fall as the capital values of the underlying securities housed in the Portfolio and the income flowing therefrom fluctuate. Prospective investors should be prepared for the possibility that they may sustain a loss.

The Fund may not be able to perfectly replicate the performance of the Index because:

- The Fund is liable for certain costs and expenses not taken into account in the calculation of the Index;
- Certain Index constituents may become temporarily unavailable; or
- Other extraordinary circumstances may result in a deviation from precise Index weightings.

Operational risk

If shares in the underlying companies are suspended or cease trading for any reason the suspended shares will not be delivered to a holder exercising its right to take delivery of the underlying shares until the suspension on the trading in respect of those shares is lifted.

If the computer facilities or other facilities of the JSE malfunction, calculation and trading in the Fund's redeemable securities may be suspended for a period of time.

Creations, redemptions and adjustments to rebalance the underlying Portfolio of shares in the Fund could have a material effect on the value of the underlying shares constituting the Index and thus also on the value of the redeemable securities.

Secondary trading risk

There can be no guarantee that the redeemable securities will remain listed on the JSE. Despite the presence of market makers, the liquidity of the redeemable securities cannot be guaranteed.

Redeemable securities may trade at a discount or premium to their NAV. Any termination of a listing would be subject to the JSE's listing requirements.

16. Fair value

The fair values of all financial instruments approximate the carrying values reflected in the statement of financial position.

Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position

Fair value measurement defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal market, or the most advantageous markets at the current market conditions. Fair value is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Sygnia Itrix S&P Global 1200 ESG Exchange Traded Fund

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

16. Fair value (continued)

Instrument	Valuation Technique		Main Assumption	
Listed Securities	Market price quoted on the securities exchange		Not applicable – prices are publicly available	
Items at fair value:				
31 December 2024	Level 1 R	Level 2 R	Level 3 R	Total R
Financial assets				
Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss	2 271 188 049	-	-	2 271 188 049
Financial liabilities				
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities	-	2 272 908 567	-	2 272 908 567
31 December 2023				
Financial assets				
Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss	1 770 172 986	-	-	1 770 172 986
Financial liabilities				
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities	-	1 771 780 803	-	1 771 780 803

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable securities, classified within level 2, are based on the quoted net asset value per unit. There are no financial instruments classified within level 3 and transfers did not occur between levels in the period under review.

17. Subsequent events

No other matter or circumstance of which the directors of Sygnia Itrix (RF) Proprietary Limited are aware has arisen since the end of the financial year which is not dealt with in the financial statements that has a significant effect or may have a significant effect on the performance or financial position of the Fund.

18. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. The basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of the business.